

— 13 avril 2023 —

Le Soleil et ses éruptions

Introduction



Introduction



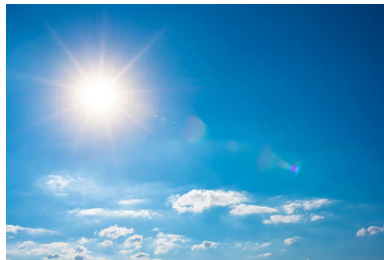
Introduction



distance à la Terre = 150 millions de km

$D = 1,4$ millions de km

Introduction



distance à la Terre = 150 millions de km

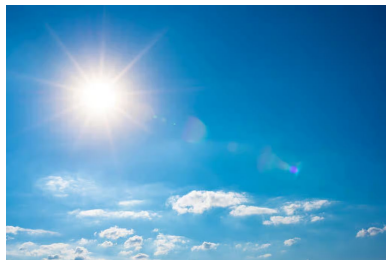
$D = 1,4$ millions de km

$\times 10^9$



$D = 13\,000$ km

Introduction



distance à la Terre = 150 millions de km

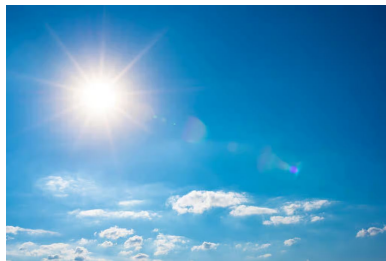
$D = 1,4$ millions de km

$\times 10^9$



$D = 13\,000$ km

Introduction



distance à la Terre = 150 millions de km

$D = 1,4$ millions de km

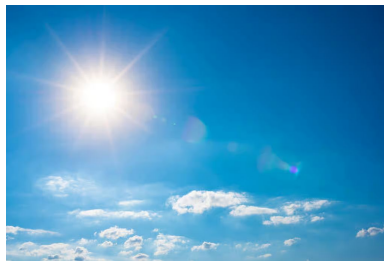
$\times 10^9$



$D = 13\,000$ km



Introduction



distance à la Terre = 150 millions de km

$D = 1,4$ millions de km

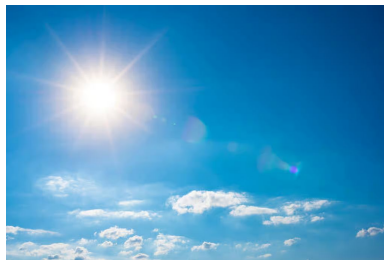
$\times 10^9$



$D = 13\,000$ km



Introduction



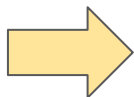
distance à la Terre = 150 millions de km

$D = 1,4$ millions de km

$\times 109$

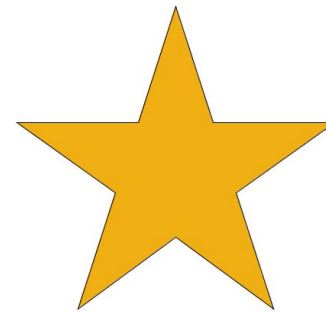


$D = 13\,000$ km



Oui mais.. c'est quoi le Soleil ?

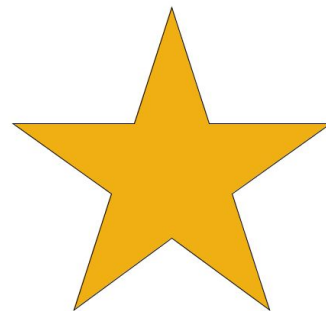
Le Soleil



Le Soleil est une étoile

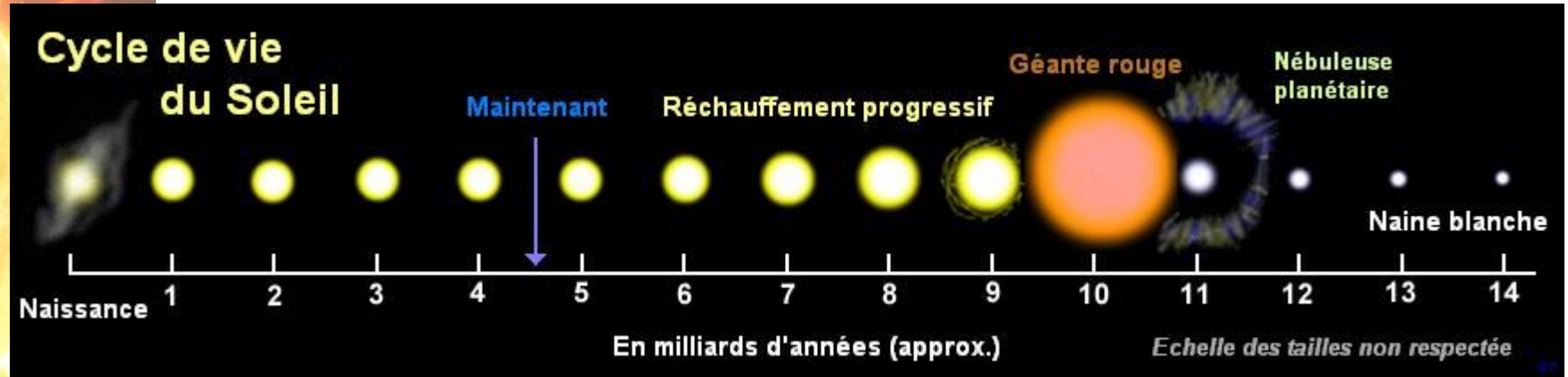
Le Soleil

Q : Quel âge a le Soleil ?



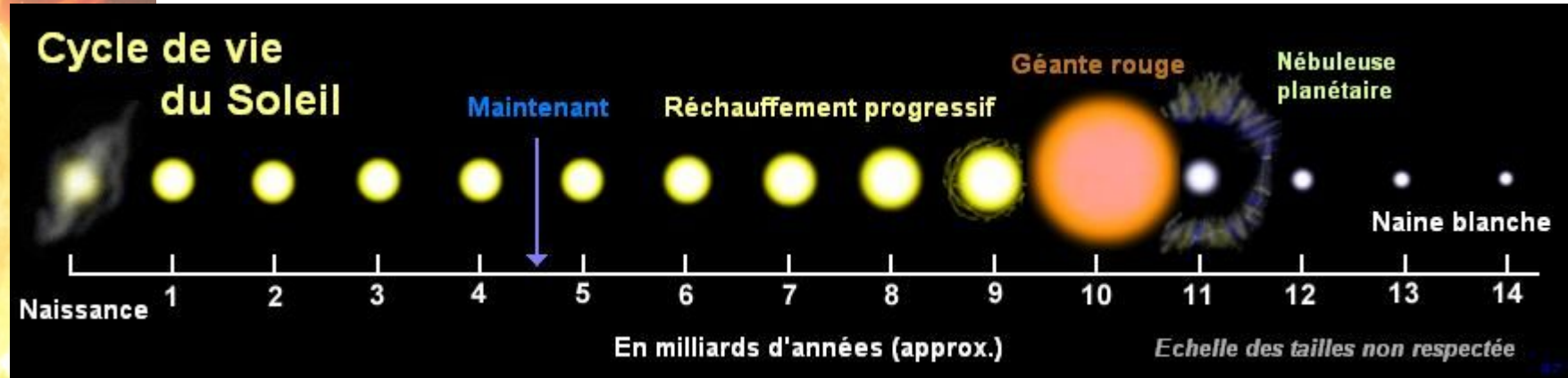
Le Soleil est une étoile

Le Soleil



Le Soleil

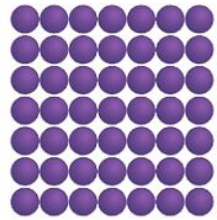
Q : C'est quoi une étoile ?



Le Plasma



Le Plasma



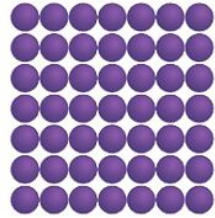
Solide



Le Plasma

États physiques

Augmentation
de l'énergie



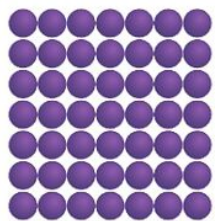
Solide



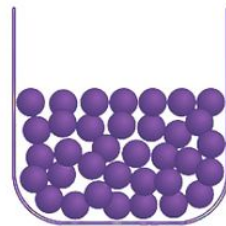
Le Plasma

États physiques

Augmentation
de l'énergie



Solide



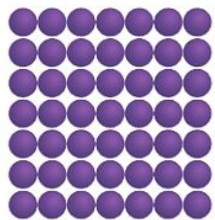
Liquide



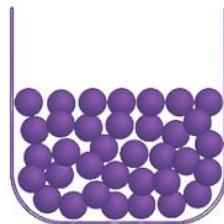
Le Plasma

États physiques

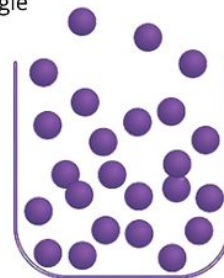
Augmentation
de l'énergie



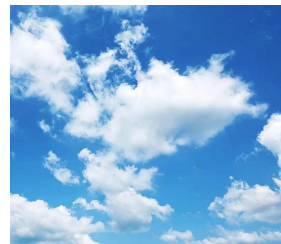
Solide



Liquide

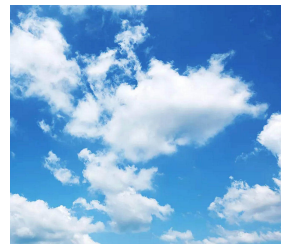
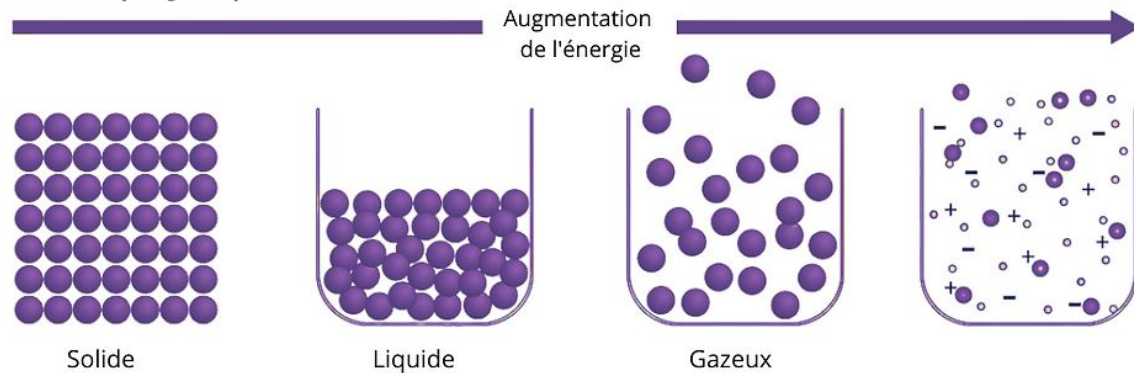


Gazeux



Le Plasma

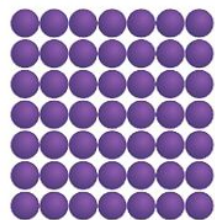
États physiques



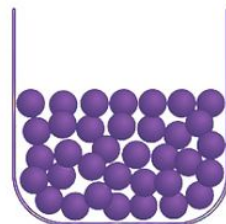
Le Plasma

États physiques

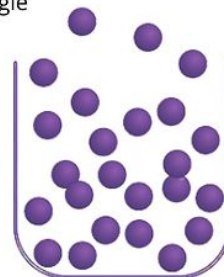
Augmentation
de l'énergie



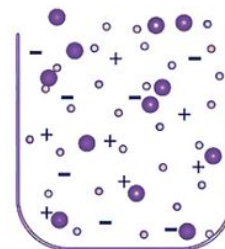
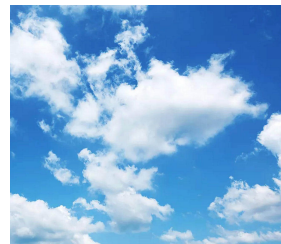
Solide



Liquide



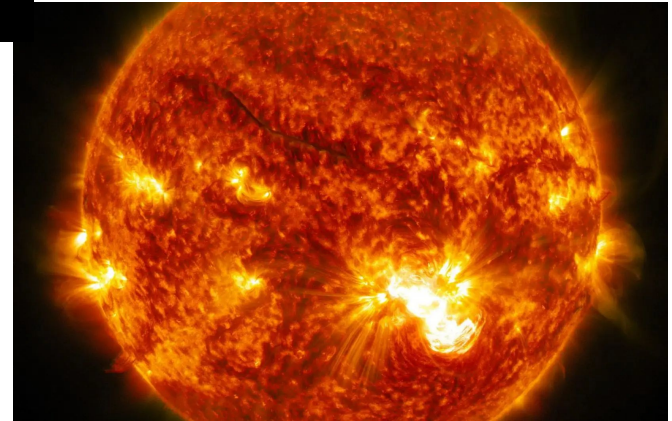
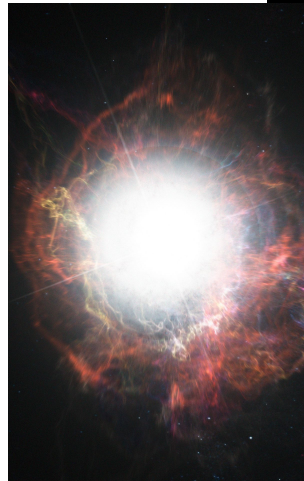
Gazeux



Plasma



Le Plasma



Le Soleil

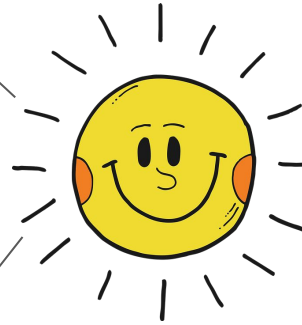
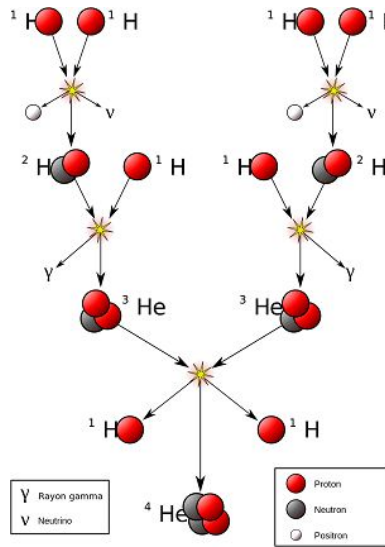


Le Soleil



74% d'hydrogène
25% d'hélium
1% d'autres éléments

Le Soleil

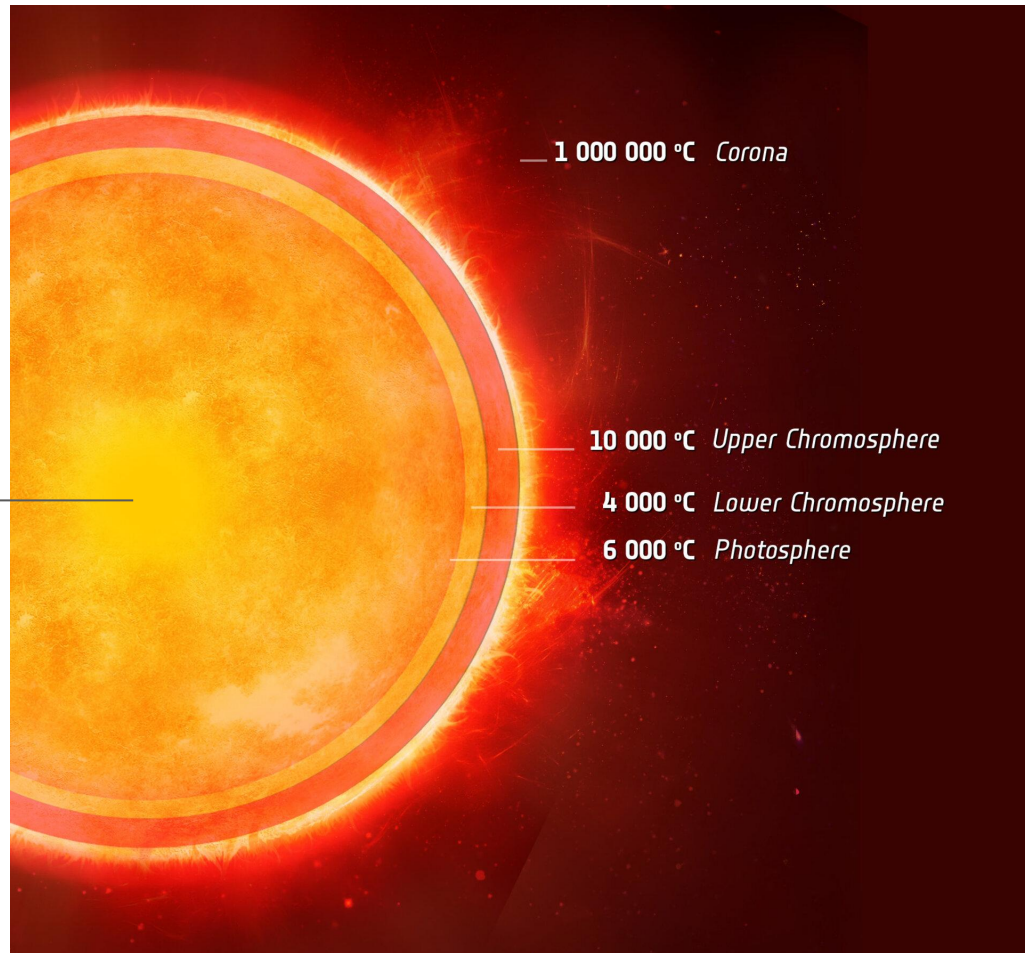


74% d'hydrogène
25% d'hélium
1% d'autres éléments

Réactions thermonucléaires

Le Soleil

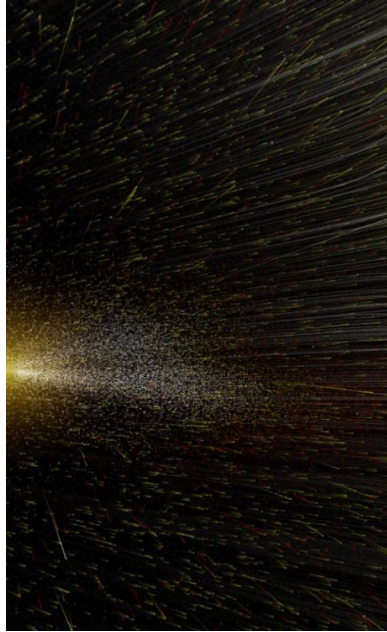
coeur = 15 millions °C



Le Soleil

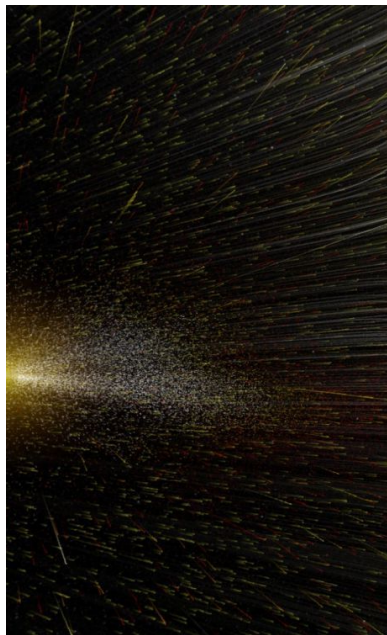


Le Soleil



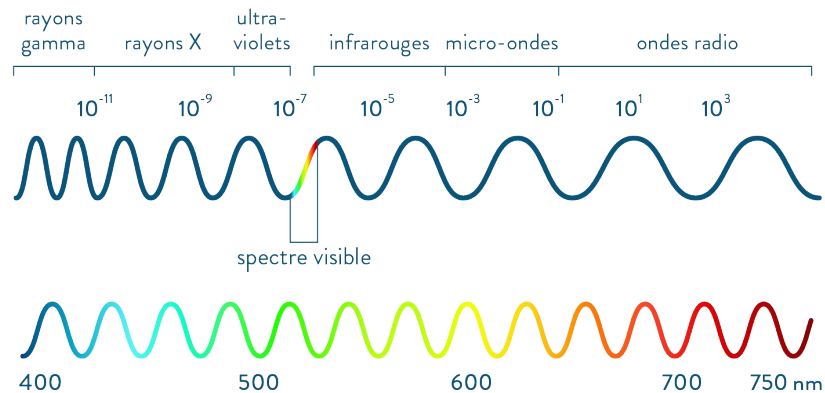
particules = vent solaire

Le Soleil



particules = vent solaire

longueur d'onde (en mètre)



et des photons (= "lumière")

Le Soleil



Récapitulons !

Le Soleil



Une étoile est :

- une grosse boule de plasma (d'hydrogène et d'hélium)

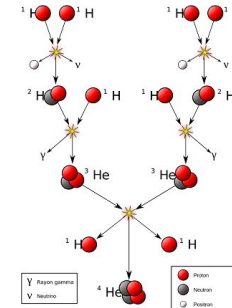


Le Soleil



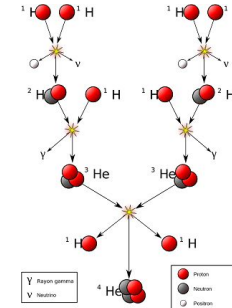
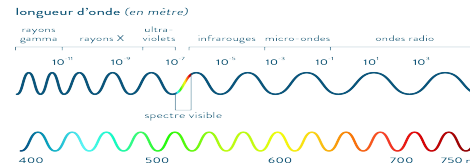
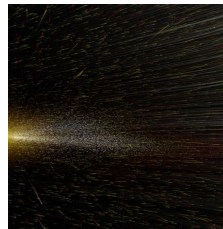
Une étoile est :

- une grosse boule de plasma (d'hydrogène et d'hélium)
- où a lieu des réactions thermonucléaires





- une grosse boule de plasma (d'hydrogène et d'hélium)
- où a lieu des réactions thermonucléaires
- qui libère donc des particules et des photons



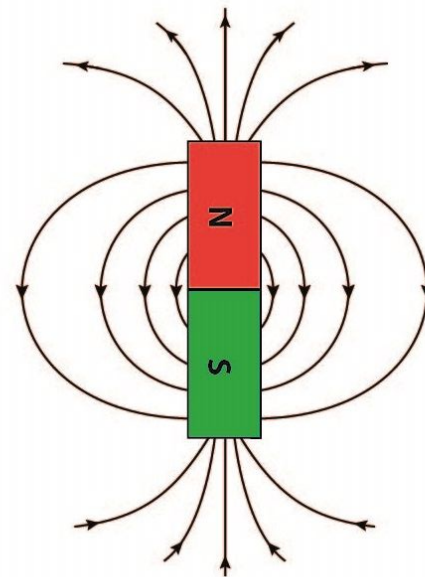


Le Soleil

le champ magnétique

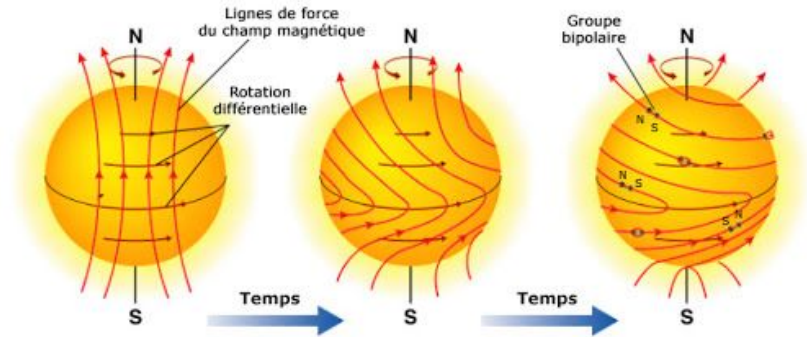
Le Soleil

le champ magnétique



Le Soleil possède un
champ magnétique

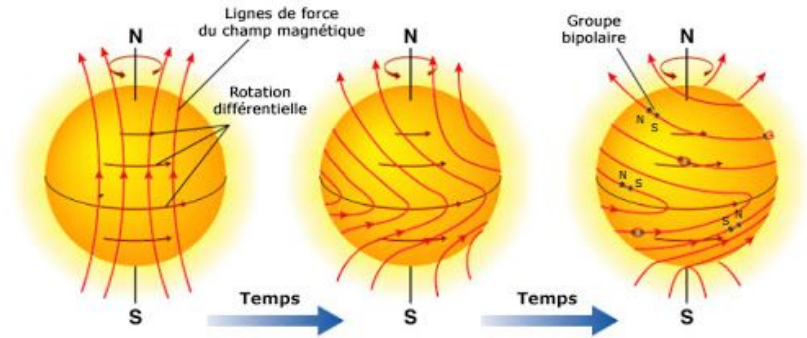
Terre = solide → rotation classique
Soleil = gaz → rotation différentielle



Le Soleil

le champ magnétique

Terre = solide → rotation classique
Soleil = gaz → rotation différentielle



Le Soleil

le champ magnétique

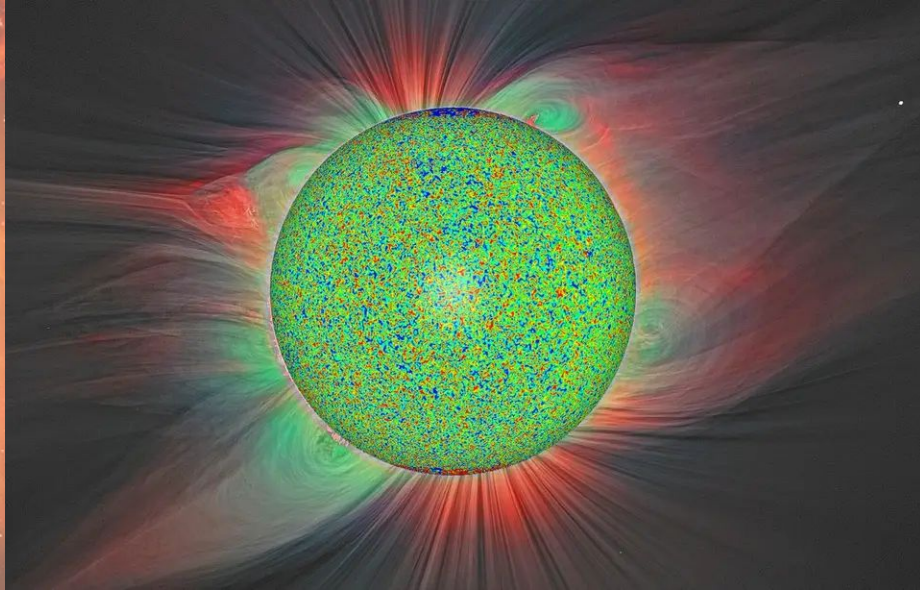


image des pôles et des lignes de champ

Le Soleil

le champ magnétique

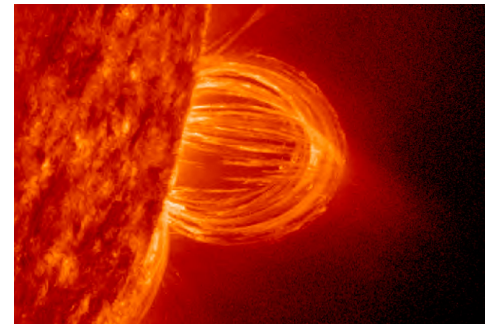
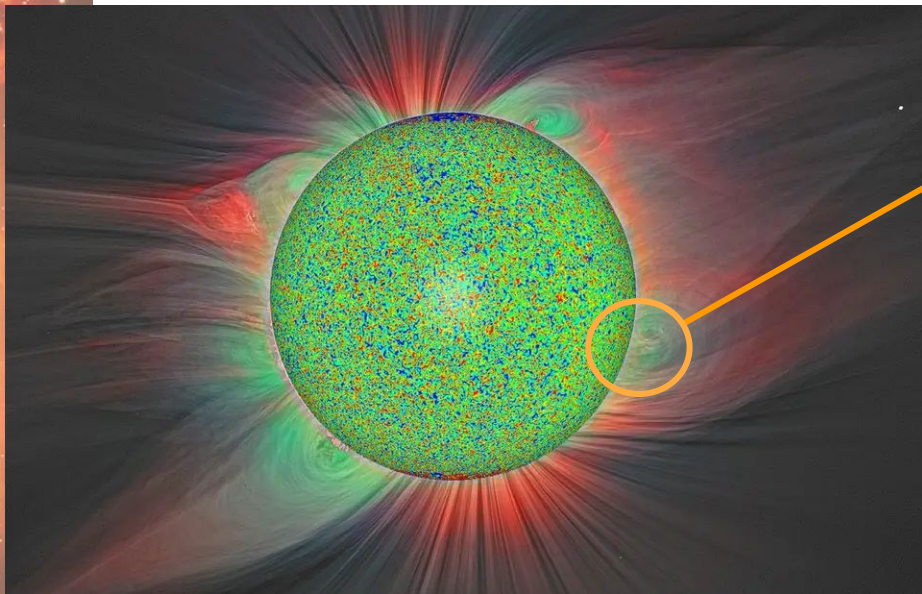
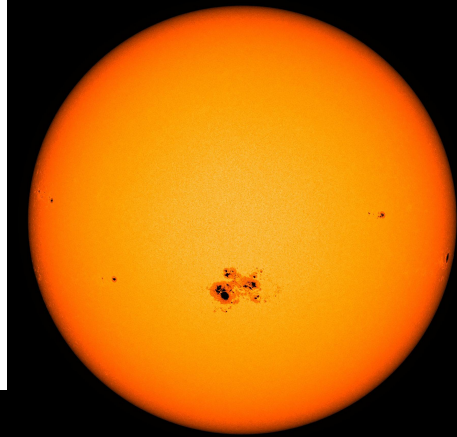
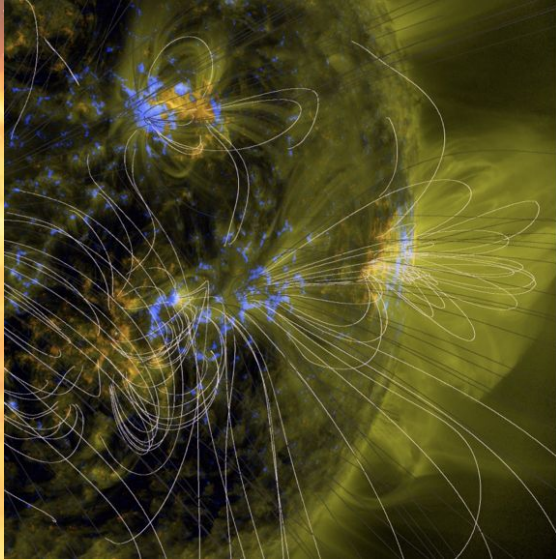


image des pôles et des lignes de champ

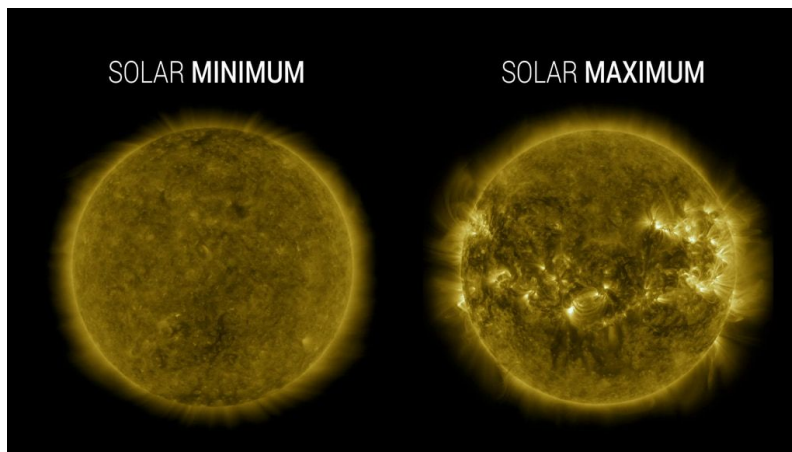
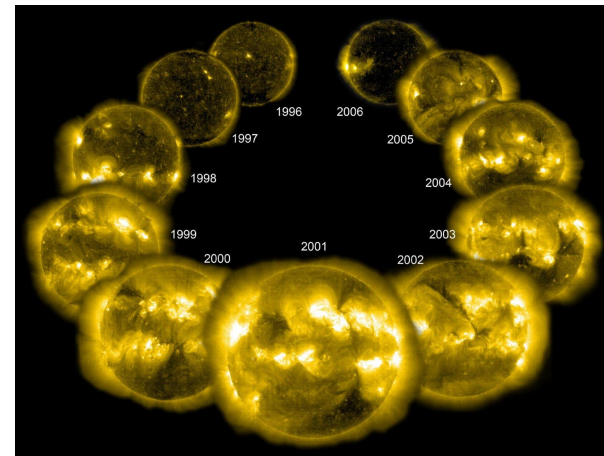
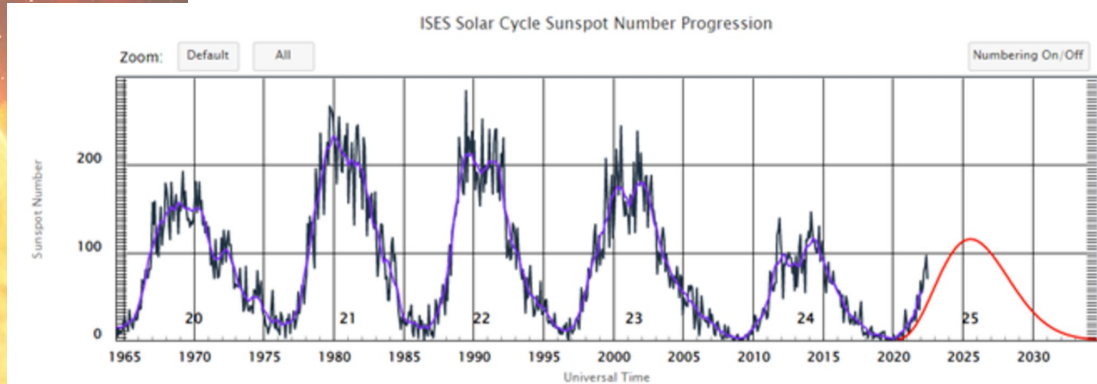
Le Soleil

les tâches solaires



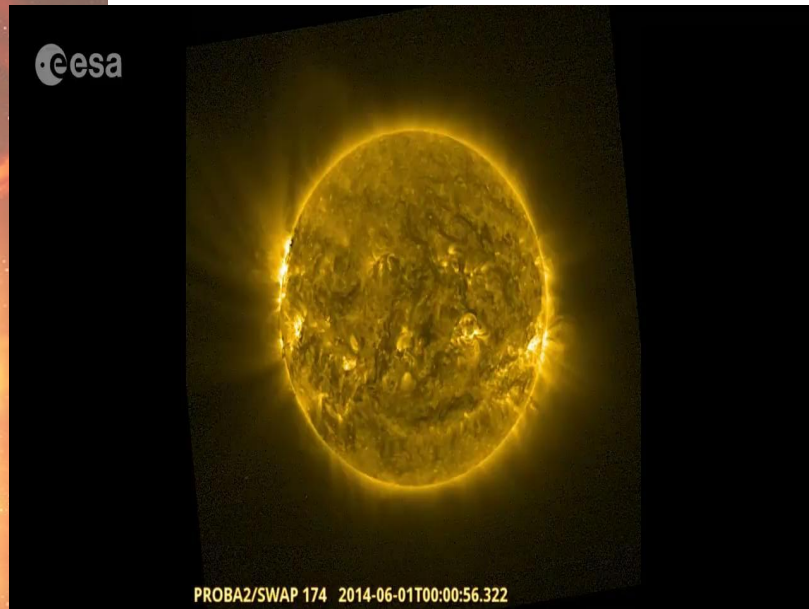
Le Soleil

le cycle solaire



Le Soleil

activité solaire



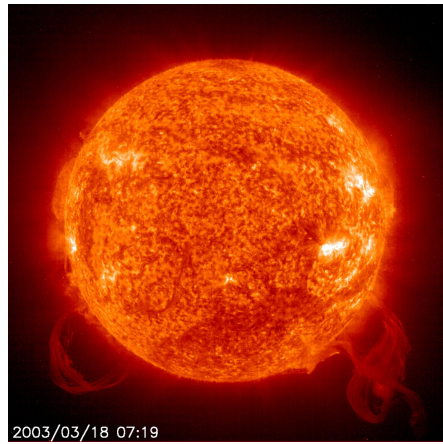


Le Soleil

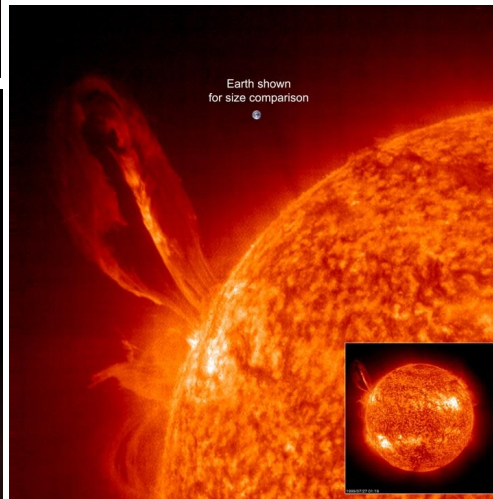
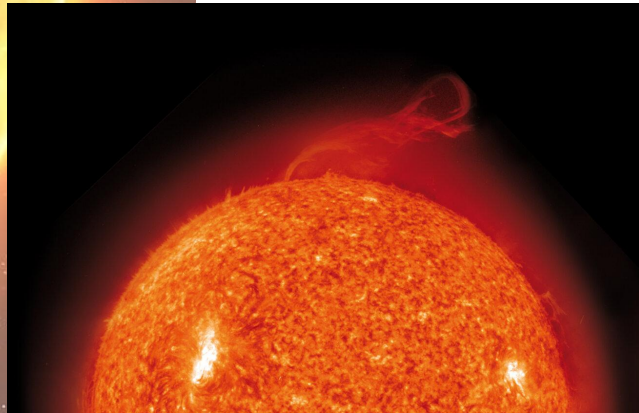
déclenchement d'une éruption

Le Soleil

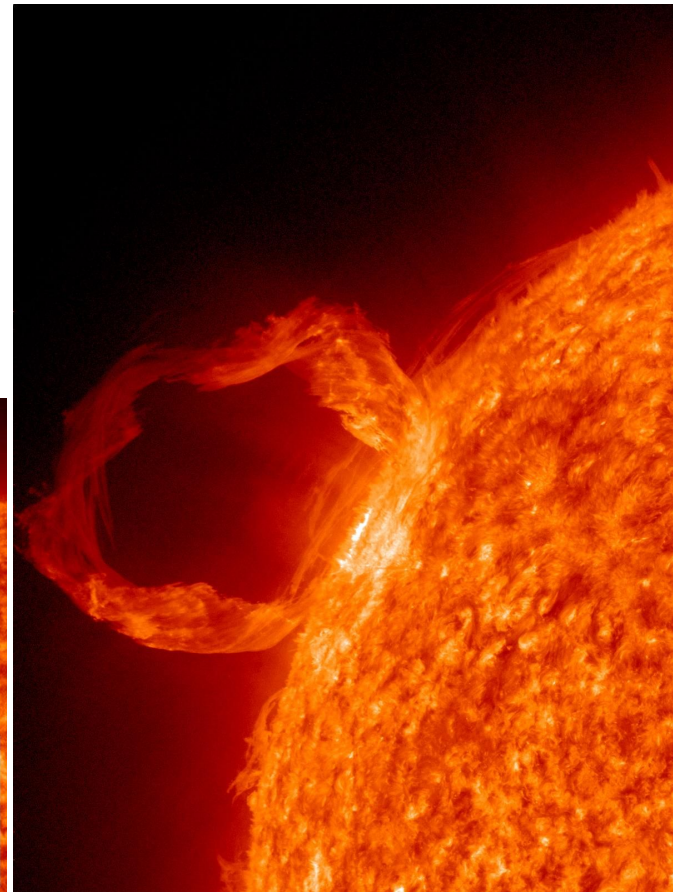
déclenchement d'une éruption



2003/03/18 07:19

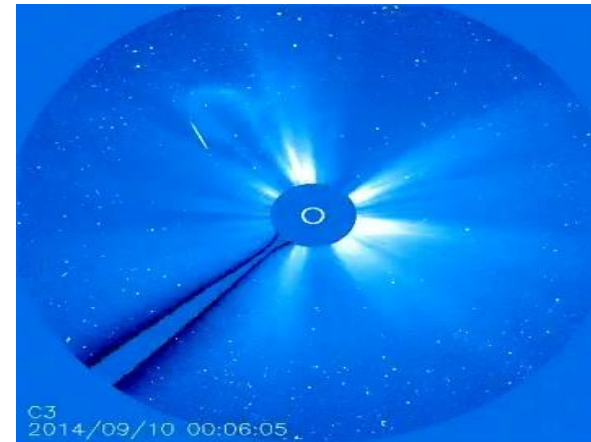
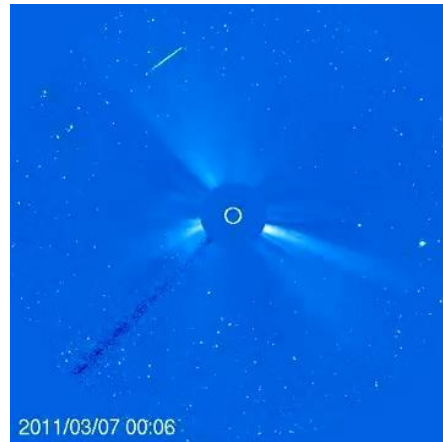
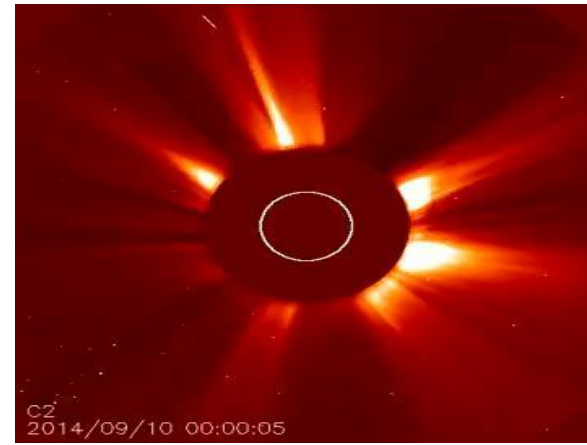
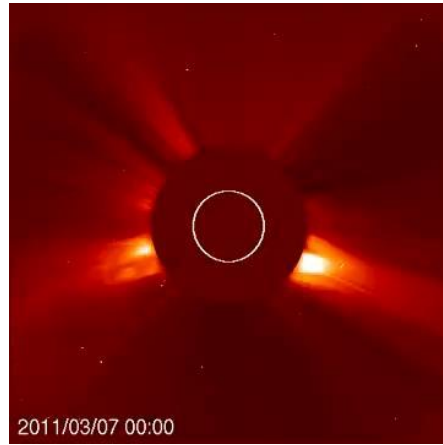


Earth shown
for size comparison



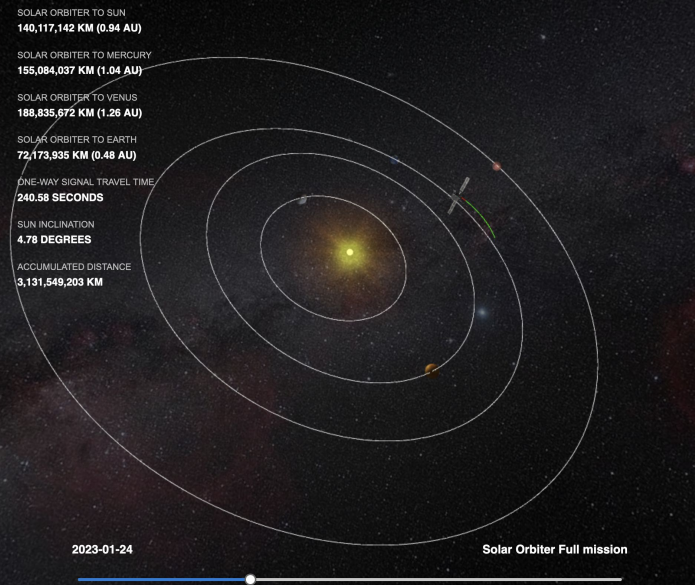
Le Soleil

déclenchement d'une éruption



L'éruption solaire

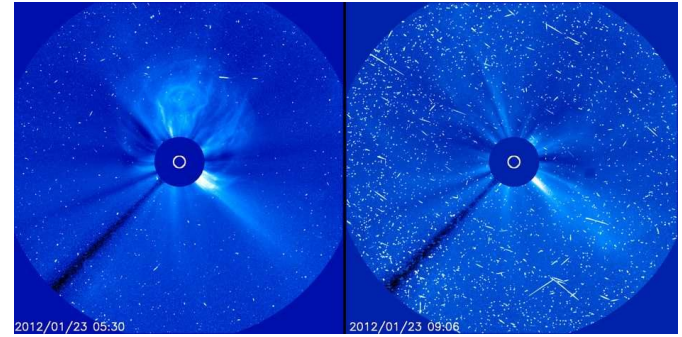
Solar orbiter



Where is Solar Orbiter ?

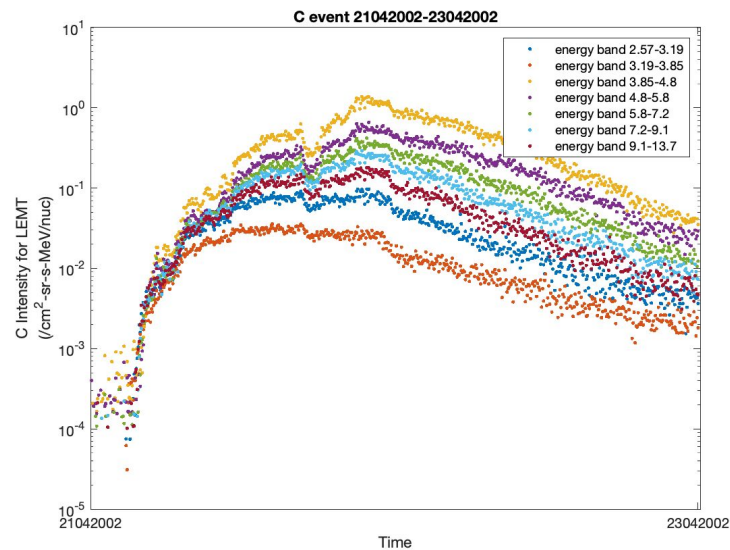
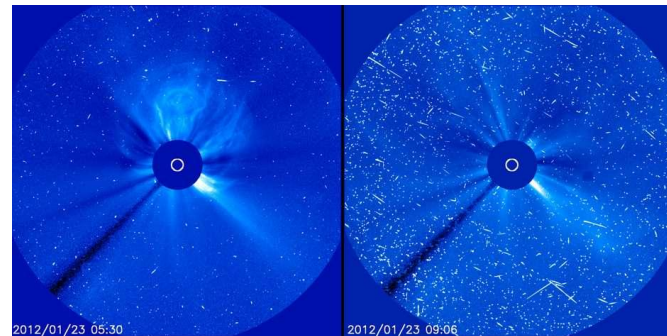
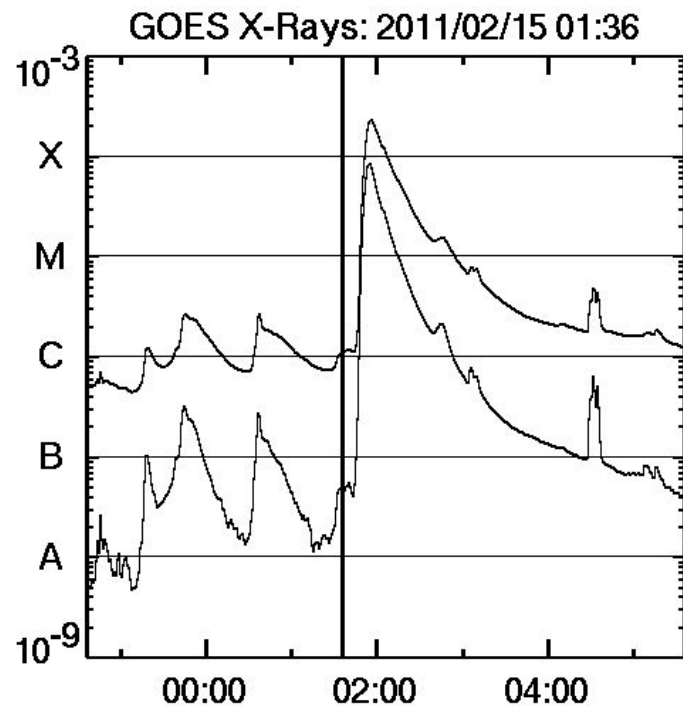
L'éruption solaire

observations



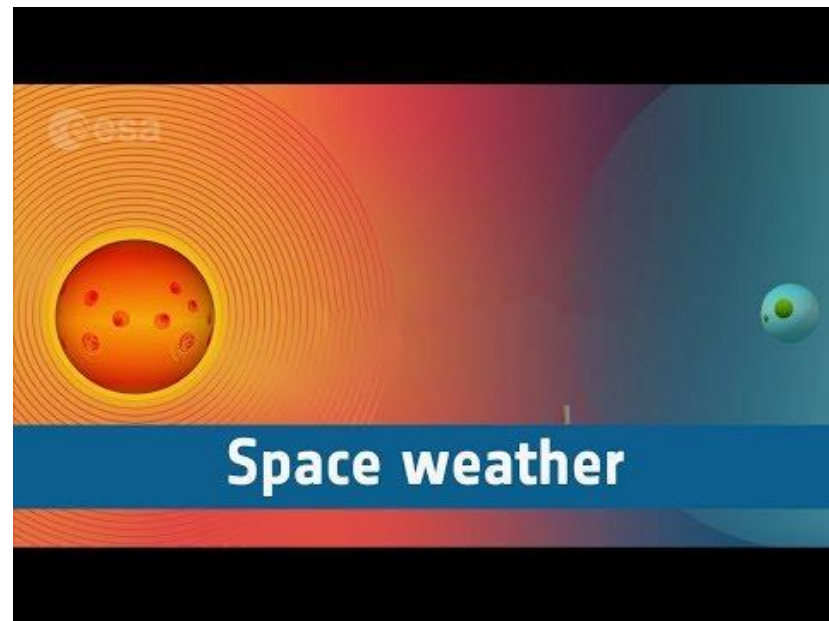
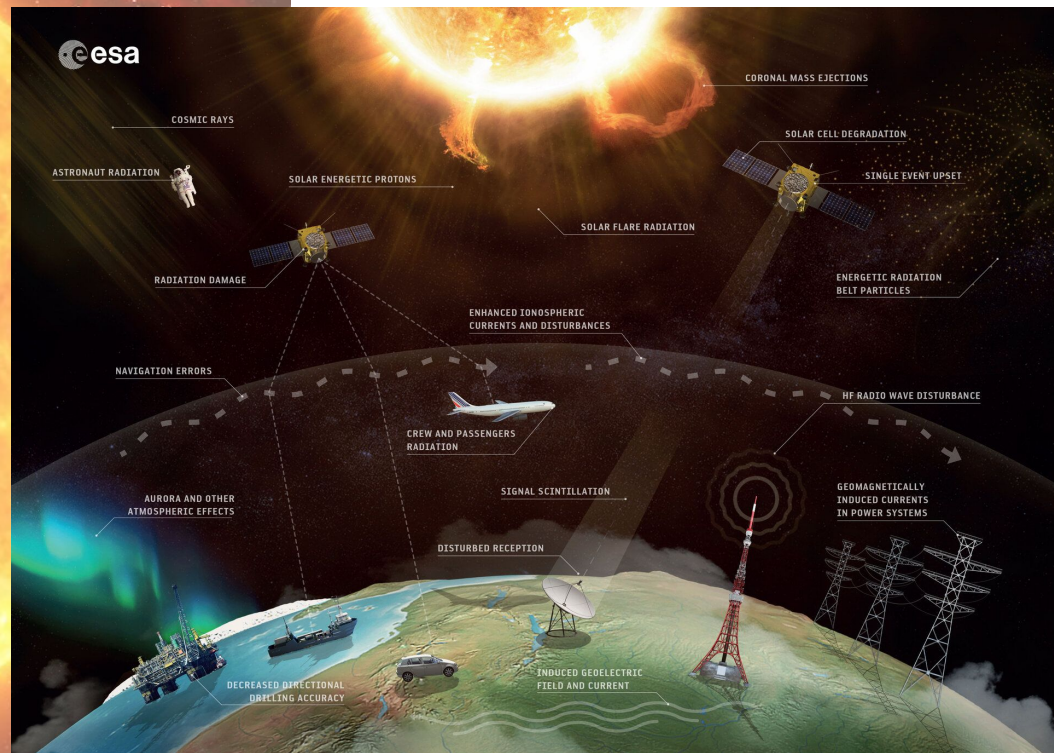
L'éruption solaire

observations



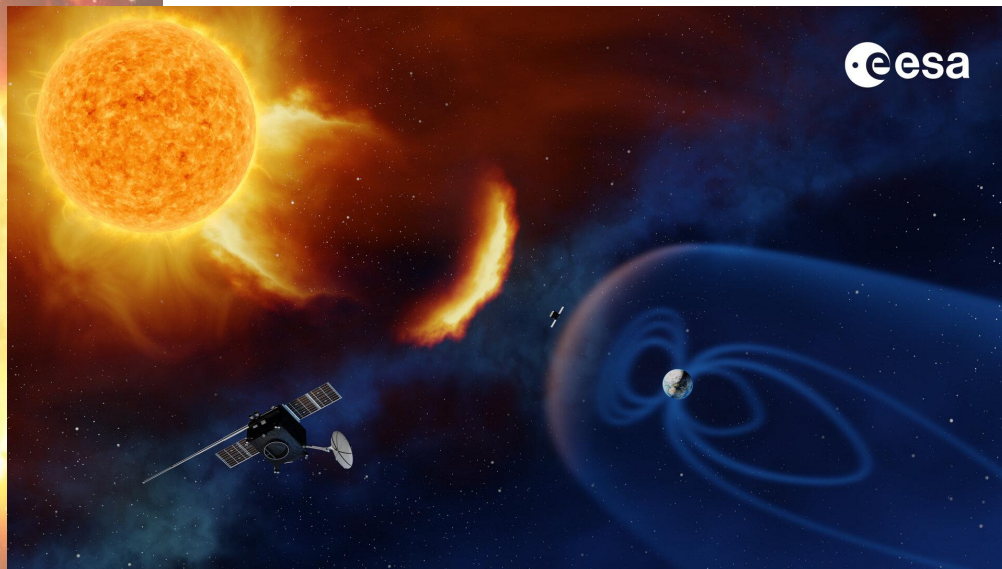
L'éruption solaire

La météo spatiale



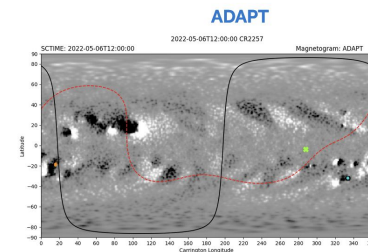
L'éruption solaire

Prédictions



Shock-Tool

[EARTH](#) [PSP](#) [STEREO A](#) [SOLAR ORBITER](#) [BEPI COLOMBO](#)



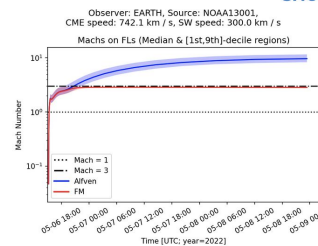
Mode: FORECAST
Coronal Model: PFSS (rss = 3.0 Rsun)
Magnetogram: ADAPT-5 (2022-05-06 12:00:00 UTC)

Reliability Test (WL): **45.94%**

[Download Data](#)

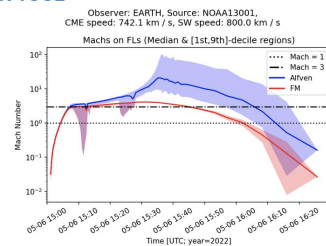
[Download image](#)

SHOCK-TOOL



NOAA13001

NOAA13004



Les aurores



Les aurores

.. boréales



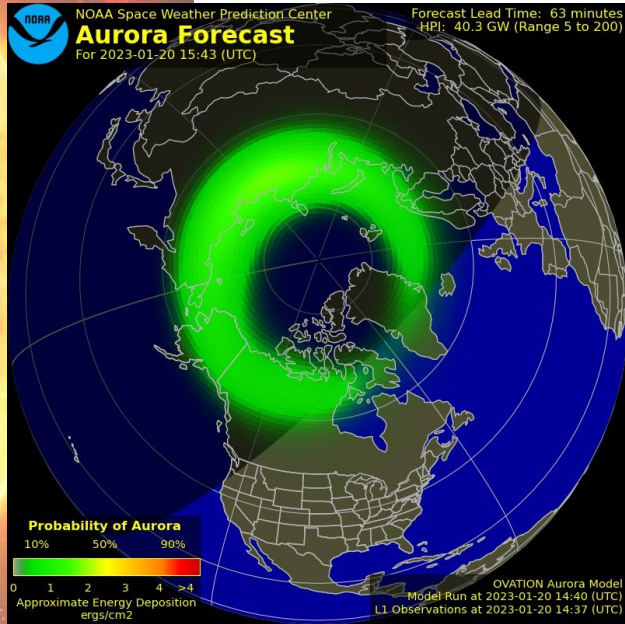
Les aurores

.. australes



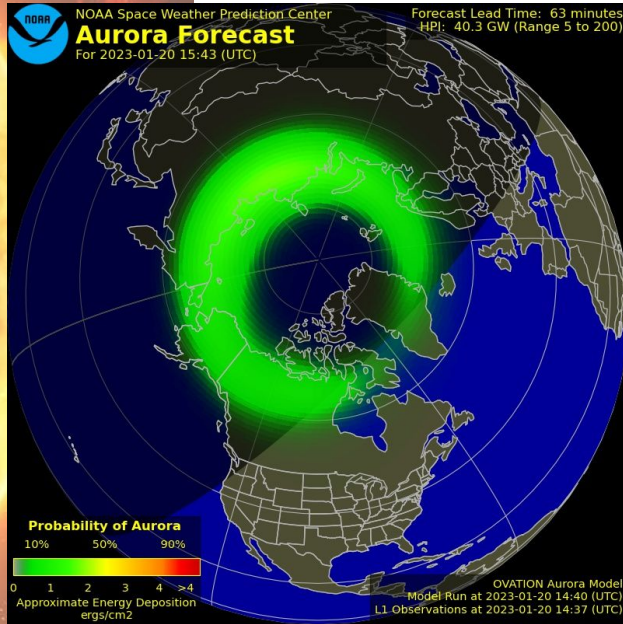
Les aurores

leur formation

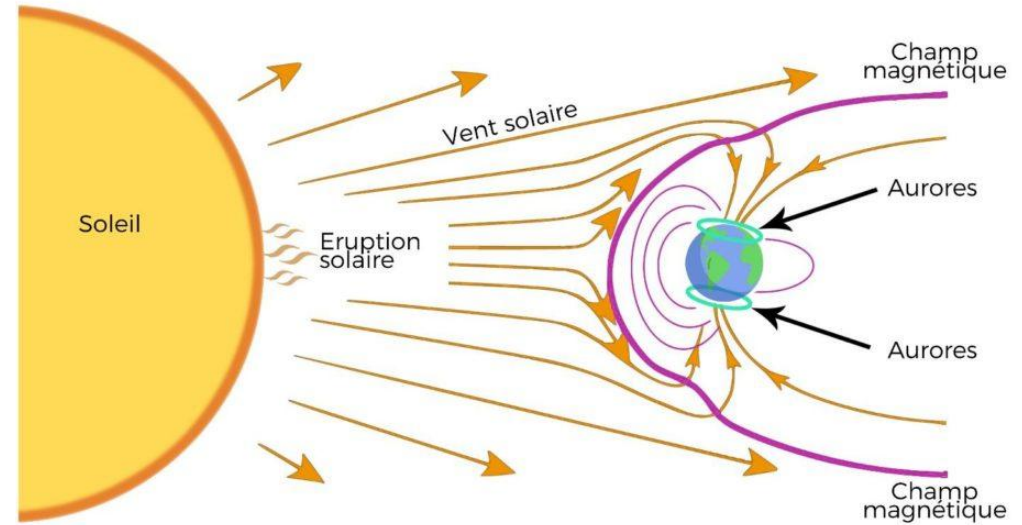


Les aurores

leur formation



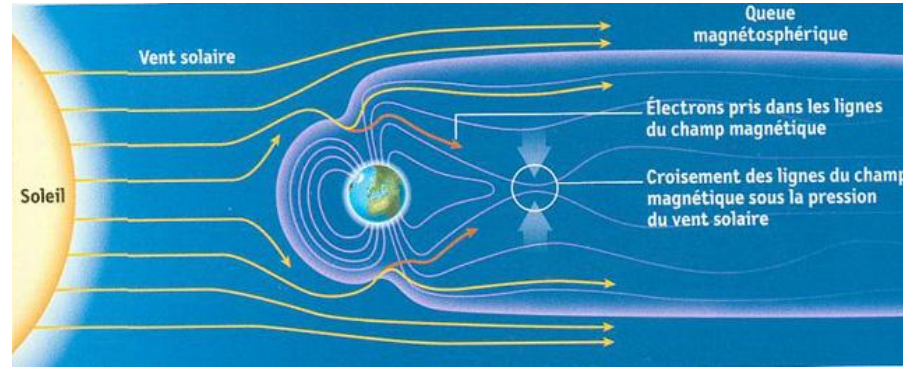
AURORES BOREALES



Les aurores

leur formation

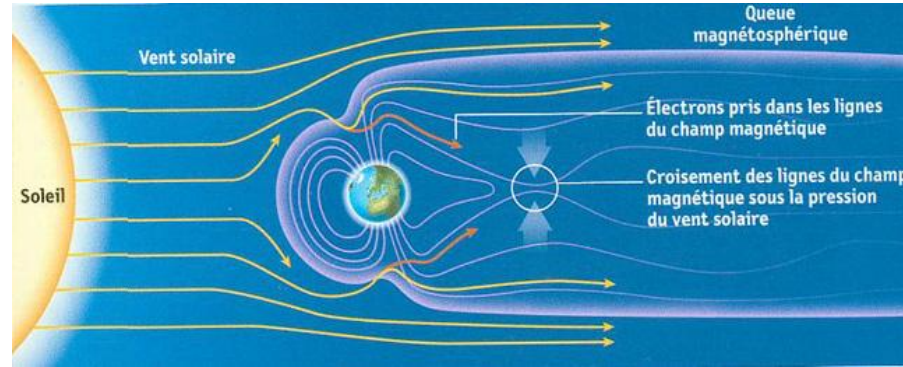
1



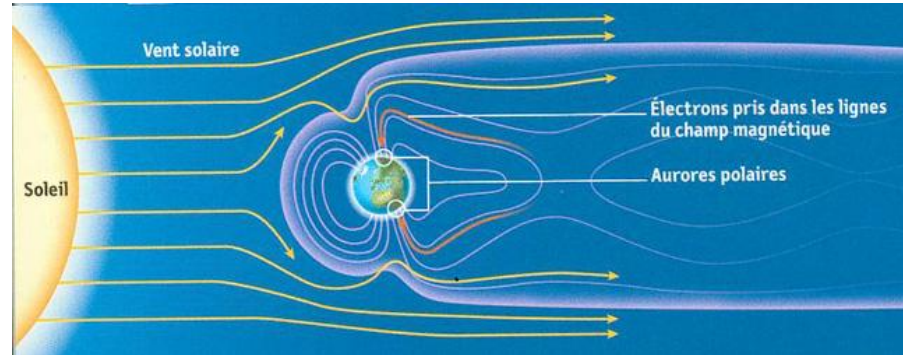
Les aurores

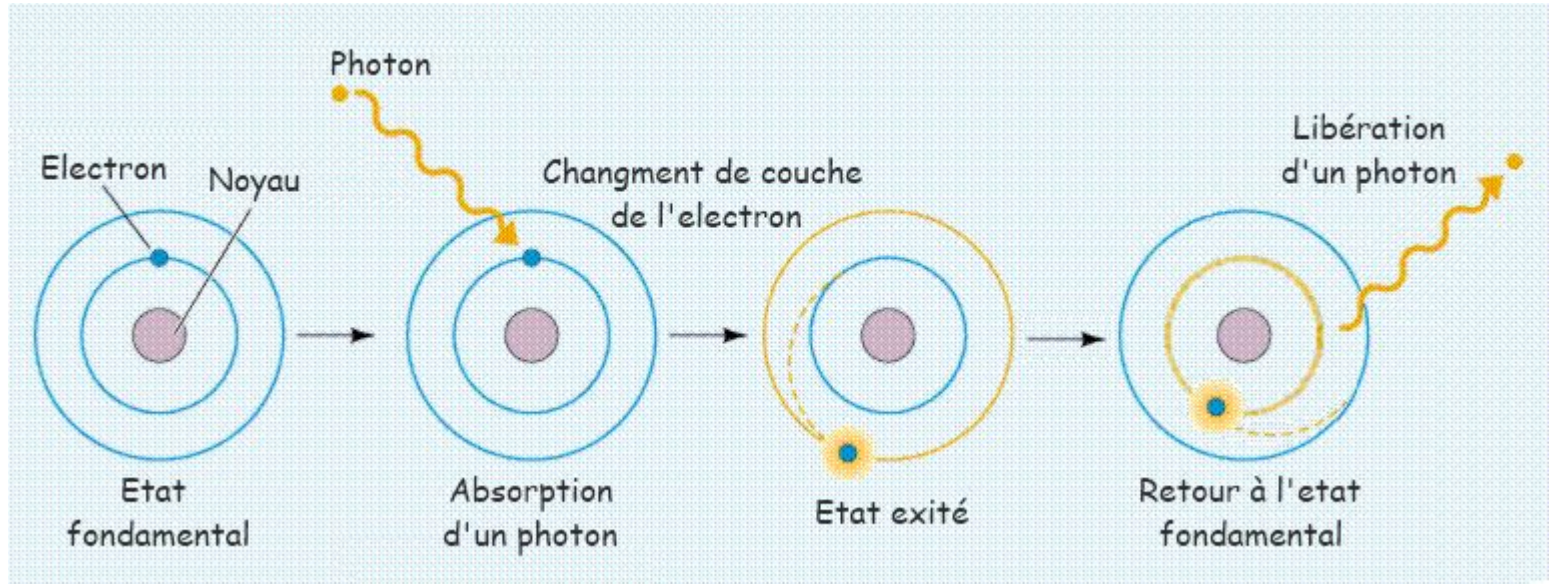
leur formation

1



2





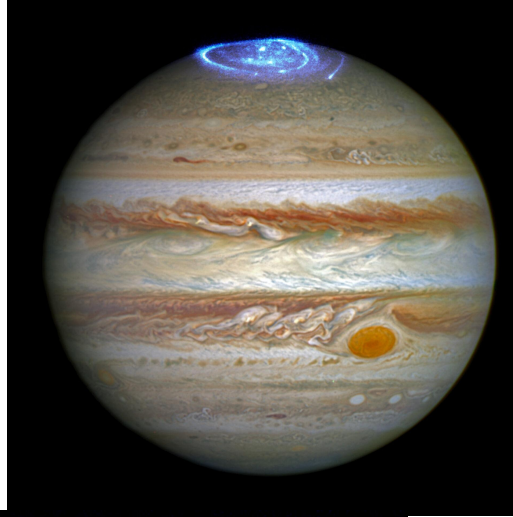


Les aurores

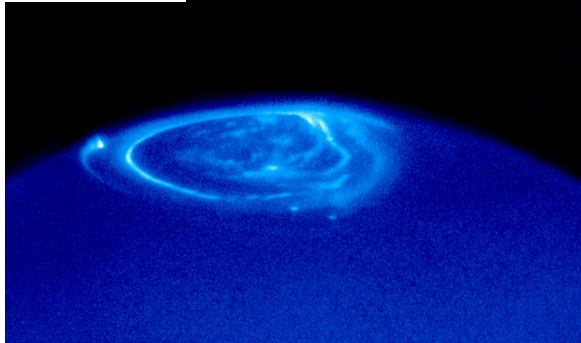
sur d'autres planètes

Les aurores

sur d'autres planètes

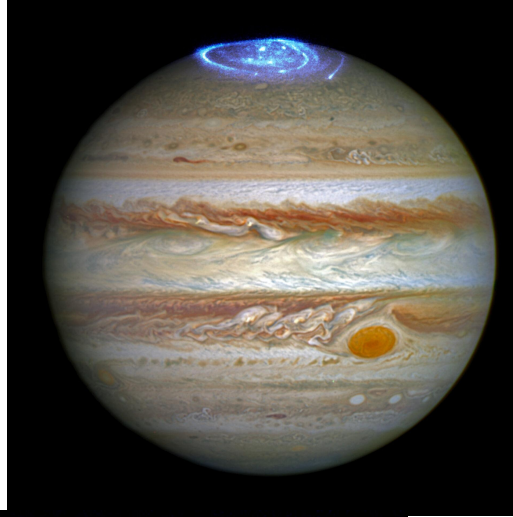


Jupiter

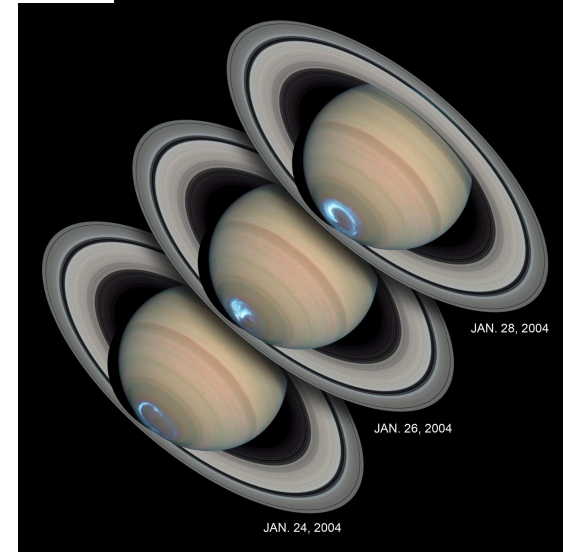
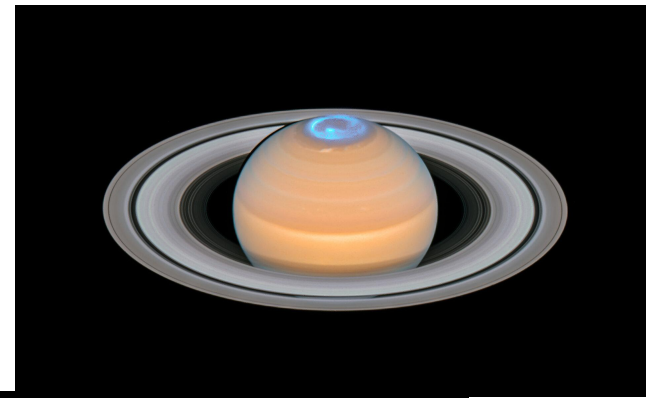
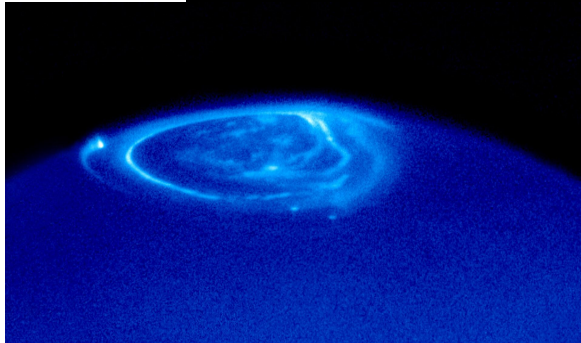


Les aurores

sur d'autres planètes



Jupiter



Saturne

— 13 avril 2023 —

Merci !





Idées de sujets pour le grand oral

Physique-chimie :

- Quel est le lien entre les éruptions solaires et les aurores boréales ?
- Comment se forme une aurore boréale dans l'atmosphère ?
- La fusion nucléaire est-elle une source d'énergie d'avenir ?
- Comment fonctionne un GPS ?
- Comment communiquer dans l'espace ?

SI :

- Quel avenir pour les déchets spatiaux ?
- Les éruptions solaires constituent-elles un risque pour les satellites artificiels ?

SVT :

- La vie pourrait-elle provenir de l'espace ?
- Le risque de développer un cancer est-il plus élevé dans l'espace ?



Idées de sujets pour le grand oral

SES :

- L'investissement d'un pays dans le domaine spatial est-il un indice de son développement ?
- Le tourisme spatial est-il l'avenir de nos vacances ?

HGGSP :

- Les nouvelles formes de guerres se jouent t-elles déjà dans l'espace ?

LLCA :

- L'histoire de l'astronomie a-t-elle démarré en Antiquité ?